

SENATE BILL NO. 29. BY SENATORS Kogovsek, Darby, MacManus, Massari, Minister, Ruland, and Wunsch; also REPRESENTATIVES Mullen, Baer, Benavidez, Boley, Cooper, DeMoulin, Eaker, Farley, Frank, Gallagher, Gaon, Hayes, Howe, Kopel, Koster, Lamm, Lloyd, Lucero, McNeil, O'Brian, Safran, Smith, and Webb.

PROVIDING FOR THE USE OF ELECTRONIC VOTING EQUIPMENT IN ELECTIONS.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

SECTION 1. 49-1-4, Colorado Revised Statutes 1963, as amended, is amended BY THE ADDITION OF THE FOLLOWING NEW SUBSECTIONS to read:

- 49-1-4. Definitions. (26) "Electronic voting equipment" or "a punch card electronic voting system" means a method in which votes are recorded on ballot cards by means of marking or punching, and such votes are subsequently counted and tabulated by electronic vote tabulating equipment at one or more counting centers.
- (27) "Electronic vote tabulating equipment" or "electronic vote counting equipment" includes any apparatus necessary to automatically examine and count votes as designated on ballot cards and tabulate the result.
- (28) "Vote recorder" or "voting device" means any apparatus which the voter uses to record his votes by marking or punching a hole in a paper ballot or tabulating card, which votes are subsequently counted by electronic tabulating equipment.

SECTION 2. 49-8-2 (1), Colorado Revised Statutes 1963, is america to read:

Capital letters indicate new material added to existing statutes; dashes through words indicate deletions from existing statutes and such material not part of act.

49-8-2. Primary election ballots. (1) The method of voting at the primary election may be either by paper ballots as provided in articles 5 to 8 of this chapter or by voting machine OR ELECTRONIC VOTING EQUIPMENT as provided in article 15 of this chapter.

SECTION 3. 49-8-2 (2) (b), Colorado Revised Statutes 1963 (1965 Supp.), is amended to read:

(2) (b) All official 49-8-2. Primary election ballots. ballots shall be white and printed in black ink and shall be uniform in size, EXCEPT THAT THE SECRETARY OF STATE MAY AUTHORIZE THE USE OF COLORS OR OTHER DISTINCTIVE MARKINGS TO IDENTIFY POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS WHEN SUCH COLORS OR DISTINCTIVE MARKINGS WILL AID IN THE DISTRIBUTION AND TABULATION OF THE BALLOTS. The extreme top part of each ballot shall be divided by two perforated lines, into two spaces, each of which shall be not less than one inch in width, the top portion being known as the stub, and the next portion as the duplicate stub. Stubs and duplicate stubs of the various party ballots shall be numbered consecutively commencing with number one in each precinct. Nothing shall be printed on the stubs but the number of the ballot and the same number shall be printed on both stubs. On the-back-of each ballot shall be printed "Official Primary Election Ballot". On the next line shall be printed the precinct and county in which the ballot is to be used, and the date of the election and below that a facsimile of the signature of the county clerk. Across the head of each ballot shall be printed the name of the political party for which the ballot is to be used. In the left hand column shall appear the designated office and to the extreme right of the same line the words, "Vote for", then the words, "One", "Two", or a spelled number designating how many persons under that heading are to be voted for. The name of each candidate shall be printed below the designated office with a square to the right of the name to give each voter a clear opportunity to designate his choice of such candidates by a cross (X) therein. Following the names of all candidates for any particular office shall be a blank space wherein the voter may write the names of one or more candidates according to the number of candidates to be nominated for such office. No cross (X) shall be required at the right of the name so written in. office, with the names of the candidates for that office, shall be clearly separated from the following one.

SECTION 4. 49-8-2 (2) (e), Colorado Revised Statutes 1963, is amended to read:

49-8-2. Primary election ballots. (2) (e) Sample ballots shall be printed in the same form as the official ballot, but upon DIFFERENT colored paper.

SECTION 5. 49-11-1 (1) (c), Colorado Revised Statutes 1963 (1965 Supp.), is amended to read:

- 49-11-1. Establishing precincts and polling places. (1) (c) In counties which use voting machines OR ELECTRONIC VOTING EQUIPMENT, the commissioners shall establish at least one precinct for every one thousand registered electors.
- SECTION 6. 49-11-3 (2) (a) and (b) and 49-11-7 (1), Colorado Revised Statutes 1963, are amended to read:
- electronic voting equipment. (2) (a) At primary and special elections in all counties which use voting machines, and at general-elections—in-all-counties—of—less—than—three—hundred thousand—population—in—which—voting—machines—are—used OR ELECTRONIC VOTING EQUIPMENT, the county clerk shall supply each precinct with a sufficient number of voting machines OR ELECTRONIC VOTING EQUIPMENT.
- (b) At general elections in counties of-three-hundred thousand-pepulation-and-over; in which voting machines OR ELECTRONIC VOTING EQUIPMENT is used, the county clerk shall supply each precinct with one voting machine OR COMPARABLE ELECTRONIC VOTING EQUIPMENT for APPROXIMATELY each two hundred fifty registered electors or fraction thereof, as computed by the total number of registrations in the registration book for such precinct at the close of the last day for registration before the election.
- 49-11-7. Ballots for general and special elections. (1)
 The method of voting at general and special elections may be
 either by paper ballots as provided in this-article ARTICLES 5 TO
 8 OF THIS CHAPTER or by voting machine OR ELECTRONIC VOTING
 EQUIPMENT as provided in article 15 of this chapter.
- SECTION 7. 49-14-6 (1) and 49-14-8 (2), Colorado Revised Statutes 1963 (1971 Supp.), are amended to read:
- 49-14-6. Manner of absentee voting by paper ballot. (1)Any registered elector applying for and receiving an absent voter's ballot, in casting such ballot, shall make and subscribe to the affidavit on the return envelope before an officer authorized by law to administer oaths, who shall administer said oath without charge therefor. The voter shall thereupon mark the ballot, in the presence of such officer and no other person, but in such a manner that such officer cannot know how the ballot is The voter shall, in the presence of such officer, fold the ballot OR INSERT THE BALLOT CARD IN THE SPECIAL ENVELOPE PROVIDED FOR THE PURPOSE so as to conceal the marking, deposit it in the return envelope, and seal the envelope securely. envelope may be delivered personally or mailed by the voter to the county clark issuing the ballot. It shall be permissible for a voter to deliver the ballot to any person of his own choice or to any duly authorized agent of the county clerk for mailing or personal delivery to the county clerk. All such envelopes

containing absent voters' ballots shall be in the hands of the county clerk not later than the hour of 5:00 7:00 p.m. on the day of the general, primary, or special election. Absentee voters' envelopes received after 5:00 7:00 p.m. on the day of the election but postmarked on or before the day of the election will remain sealed and uncounted but the voter's registration sheet will not be purged for failure to vote in a general election.

49-14-8. Appointment of receiving judges for absent voters (2) In all counties in which voting machines OR polling place. ELECTRONIC VOTING EQUIPMENT are used, the county clerk shall, prior to the fifteenth day preceding any general, primary, or special election, appoint not less than three receiving judges whose qualifications, powers, and duties shall be the same as those provided for receiving judges at precinct polling places where voting machines are used. Precinct residence shall not apply as to qualifications. The political party entitled to the additional judge in even-numbered precincts as provided in section 49-9-4 shall be entitled to the additional judge on the absent voters' election board of the county. One or more of the regular employees of the county clerk may serve as a receiving judge so long as the party affiliation of the entire absent voters' election board corresponds to the provisions of section 49-9-4.

SECTION 8. 49-14-9 (2) and 49-14-10, Colorado Revised Statutes 1963, are amended to read:

49-14-9. Appointment of counting judges and clerks for absent voters' polling place. (2) In all counties in which voting machines OR ELECTRONIC VOTING EQUIPMENT is used, for each five hundred absent voters' ballots so mailed or delivered, the county clerk shall MAY appoint, in addition to the receiving judges appointed as provided in section 49-14-8, five counting judges, not more than three of whom shall be from one political party.

or electronic voting absent voter's ballot on voting machine voting machines or electronic voting equipment. In all counties in which voting machines or electronic voting EQUIPMENT are used, the absent voters' polling place shall be opened fifteen days prior to the primary, general, or special election day and shall remain open during the time the offices of the county clerk shall be open until the closing of business on the Friday immediately preceding the election. Qualified applicants for absent voters' ballots appearing in person at the absent voters' polling place during this time may cast their absent voters' ballots on voting machines OR ELECTRONIC VOTING EQUIPMENT expressly provided for that purpose in the same manner as any ballot would be cast on a voting machine OR ELECTRONIC VOTING EQUIPMENT in a precinct polling place on election day. The registration sheet of each such voter shall be placed in the "absent voters' registration

book" and noted on the list attached at the back of the precinct registration book as provided in section 49-14-4. The voting machines OR ELECTRONIC VOTING EQUIPMENT used for the casting of such absent voters' ballots shall remain locked OR SEALED, OR SEALED AND SEALED, and the tabulation of the votes cast BOTH LOCKED AND SEALED, and the time prescribed in section shall remain unknown until the time prescribed in section shall remain unknown until the time prescribed in section absent voters' polling place is not open, the county clerk shall absent voters' polling place is not open, the county clerk shall have the custody and keys of any voting machine OR ELECTRONIC have the custody and keys of any voting machine of absent voters' voting EQUIPMENT being used for the casting of absent voters' ballots. The voting machines OR ELECTRONIC VOTING EQUIPMENT used ballots. The voting machines or ELECTRONIC voting EQUIPMENT used for the casting of absent voters' ballots shall not be used for the further counting of absentee ballots as provided in section 49-14-13 (3) (c).

SECTION 9. 49-14-13 (3), Colorado Revised Statutes 1963, is amended BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW PARAGRAPH to read:

49-14-13. Casting and counting absent voters' paper ballots. (3) (e) Any county may use electronic vote tabulating equipment for the counting of absent voters' ballots in the same manner as for the counting of precinct ballots as provided in article 15 of this chapter.

SECTION 10. 49-14-21 (3), Colorado Revised Statutes 1963 (1965 Supp.), is amended to read:

49-14-21. Supplies for absentee voting. (3) In counties including more than one state senatorial district or more than one state senatorial district or more than one state representative district, or both, absent voters' one state representative district, or both, absent voters' one state representative district, or both, absent voters' one state representative districts. County clerk for each combination of state legislative districts. County clerk for each combination of STATE, DISTINCTIVE MARKINGS WHEN AUTHORIZED BY THE SECRETARY OF STATE, DISTINCTIVE MARKINGS WHEN OR COLORS MAY BE USED TO IDENTIFY POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS WHEN OR COLORS OR DISTINCTIVE MARKINGS WILL AID IN THE DISTRIBUTION SUCH COLORS OR DISTINCTIVE MARKINGS WILL AID IN THE DISTRIBUTION OR TABULATION, OF THE OR TABULATION, OR BOTH DISTRIBUTION AND TABULATION, OF THE CARDS SO LONG AS EACH SUCH PAGE OR CARD IS NUMBERED MAY CONSIST OF ONE OR MORE PAGES OR CARDS SO LONG AS EACH SUCH PAGE OR CARD IS NUMBERED MIDENTIFIED AS PROVIDED FOR PAPER BALLOTS IN SECTIONS 49-8-2 AND IDENTIFIED AS PROVIDED FOR PAPER BALLOTS IN SECTIONS 49-8-2 AND IDENTIFIED AS PROVIDED FOR PAPER BALLOTS IN SECTIONS 49-8-2 AND ON absent voters' voting machines as well as to paper ballots AND PUNCH CARDS WHICH CAN BE ELECTRONICALLY COUNTED.

SECTION 11. Article 14 of chapter 49, Colorado Revised Statutes 1963, as amended, is amended BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION to read:

49-14-22. Casting and counting - electronic system in counties using a punch card electronic voting system, absented votes may be cast on paper ballots and counted as provided in section 49-14-13, or may be cast on ballot cards and counted by electronic voting equipment as provided in article 15 of this chapter, or both methods may be used.

- SECTION 12. 49-15-1, Colorado Revised Statutes 1963, is amended to read:
- 49-15-1. Use of voting machines or electronic voting system. In all general, primary, and special elections held in this state, the ballots or votes may be cast, registered, recorded, and counted by means of voting machines OR BY MEANS OF A PUNCH CARD ELECTRONIC VOTING SYSTEM, as provided in this article.
- SECTION 13. Article 15 of chapter 49, Colorado Revised Statutes 1963, as amended, is amended BY THE ADDITION OF THE FOLLOWING NEW SECTIONS to read:
- 49-15-15. Requirements electronic voting system. (1) (a) No punch card electronic voting system shall be used, purchased, or leased unless it fulfills the following requirements:
 - (b) It shall provide for voting in secrecy.
- (c) It shall permit each voter to write in the names of persons which are not on the printed ballot, and to vote for any persons whose names are printed on the ballot for whom the voter is lawfully entitled to vote; to vote for as many persons for an office for which he is entitled to vote; and to vote for or against any question upon which he is entitled to vote; and the electronic vote counting equipment shall reject any vote for an office or on a measure if the number of votes exceeds the number for which he is entitled to vote.
 - (d) It shall permit each voter, other than at a primary election, to vote for the candidates of one or more parties and for independent candidates.
 - (e) It shall prevent the voter from voting for the same person more than once for the same office.
 - (f) It shall be suitably designed and of durable construction, and capable of being used safely, efficiently, and accurately in the conduct of elections and counting ballots. When the names of candidates or the text of issues are not printed on the ballot card but are printed on pages attached to the vote recorder device, such pages must be securely locked or sealed to prevent tampering.
 - 49-15-16. Acquisition and use authorized. (1) The board of county commissioners of any county may adopt, experiment with, acquire by purchase, or lease a punch card electronic voting system which meets the requirements of section 49-15-15. It may enlarge, consolidate, or alter the boundaries of precincts in which a punch card electronic voting system is used.
 - (2) The provisions of sections 49-15-15 to 49-15-22 shall be controlling with respect to elections conducted with a punch

card electronic voting system and shall be liberally construed so as to carry out the purpose of said elections. The provisions of this chapter relating to the conduct of elections, insofar as they are applicable and not inconsistent with the efficient conduct of elections with punch card electronic voting systems, shall apply.

- 49-15-17. Ballots electronic voting. (1) Ballot pages or ballot cards placed upon voting devices shall, so far as practicable, be in the same order of arrangement as provided by sections 49-8-2, 49-11-7, and 49-11-8 for paper ballots, except that they shall be of the size and design required by the vote recorder or the electronic vote counting equipment, or both the vote recorder and the electronic vote counting equipment, and may be printed on a number of separate pages which are placed on the voting device or on one or more ballot cards.
- (2) If votes are recorded on a ballot card, a separate write-in ballot may be provided, which may be in the form of a paper ballot or envelope on which the voter may write in the titles of the office and the names of persons not on the printed ballot for whom he wishes to vote.
- 49-15-18. Preparation for use electronic voting. (1) Prior to an election in which a punch card electronic voting system is to be used, the county clerk shall have the vote recorders or punching devices, or both the vote recorders and punching devices, prepared for voting and shall inspect and determine that each such recorder or device is in proper working order and shall cause a sufficient number of such recorders or devices to be delivered to each election precinct in which the punch card electronic voting system is to be used.
- (2) The county clerk shall supply each election precinct in which vote recorders or voting devices are to be used with a sufficient number of ballot cards, sample ballots, ballot boxes, write-in ballots, if required, and other supplies and forms as may be required. Each ballot card shall have a serially numbered stub attached, which shall be removed by a judge of elections before the card is deposited in the ballot box.
- voting. After the polls count and seals in electronic voting. After the polls have been closed, the election judges shall secure the vote recorders or the voting devices, or both the vote recorders and the voting devices, against further use and prepare a ballot return in duplicate showing the number of oter. as indicated by the pollbook who have voted in the precinct, the number of official ballot cards received, and the number of spoiled and unused ballot cards returned. The original copy of said ballot return shall be deposited in the metal or durable plastic transfer box, along with all voted and spoiled ballots. The transfer box shall then be sealed in such a way as to prevent tampering with the box or its contents. The county

clerk shall provide such a numbered seal. The duplicate copy of said ballot return shall be mailed at the nearest post office or post box to the county clerk by a judge other than those who deliver the transfer box to the counting center. Two judges of different political parties, as provided in section 49-9-15 (1), shall deliver the sealed transfer box to the counting center or other place designated by the county clerk.

- 49-15-20. Electronic vote counting test. (1) The county clerk shall have the electronic ballot counting equipment tested in the manner prescribed in this section to ascertain that it will accurately count the votes cast for all offices and all measures. The electronic equipment shall be tested at least three times, once on the day before the election, again just prior to the start of the count on election day, and finally at the conclusion of the counting. The county clerk may make any additional tests he deems necessary.
- (2) The county chairmen of the two major political parties, or their official representatives, shall each be supplied at least one hundred official ballots which are clearly marked as test ballots and shall secretly vote said test ballots and retain a record of such test votes. The county clerk shall also vote and retain at least one hundred test ballots.
- (3) The county clerk and county chairmen shall meet at the counting center to observe the tabulation of all test ballots by means of the electronic counting equipment and compare such tabulation with the previously retained records of the test vote count. The cause of any discrepancies shall be corrected prior to the actual vote tabulation.
- (4) All test materials when not in use shall be kept in a metal box with two metal hasps, and each county chairman shall affix his own padlock and retain the key. The county clerk shall be the custodian of the box.
- (5) After the final test following the conclusion of the counting, all programs, test materials, and ballots shall be sealed and retained as provided for paper ballots.
- 49-15-21. Electronic vote counting procedure. (1) All proceedings at the counting center shall be under the direction of the county clerk and shall be conducted under the observation of representatives of the political parties, but no persons except those authorized for the purpose shall touch any ballot or ballot card or return. All persons who are engaged in processing and counting of the ballots shall be deputized in writing and take an oath that they will faithfully perform their assigned duties. If any ballot is damaged or defective so that it cannot properly be counted by the electronic vote counting equipment, a true duplicate copy shall be made of the damaged ballot in the presence of two witnesses. The duplicate ballot shall be

substituted for the damaged ballot. All duplicate ballots shall be clearly labeled as such and shall bear a serial number which shall be recorded on the damaged ballot.

- (2) The return printed by the electronic vote tabulating equipment, to which have been added write-in votes, shall, when certified by the county clerk, constitute the official return of each precinct. The county clerk may from time to time release unofficial returns. Upon completion of the count the official returns shall be open to the public.
- (3) Absentee ballots shall be counted at the counting center in the same manner as precinct ballots. Write-in ballots may be counted in their precincts by the precinct judges of election or at the counting center, but before any write-in vote is counted, it shall be compared with votes cast for the same office on the ballot card to ascertain whether the write-in vote is valid. If the voter has cast more votes for the office than he is lawfully entitled to vote, the word "Void" shall be written across the write-in vote, and it shall not be counted. Votes cast for a nominated candidate whose name appears on the ballot will not be voided because of an invalid write-in vote for the same office.
- (4) If for any reason it becomes impracticable to count all or a part of the ballots with electronic vote tabulating equipment, the county clerk may direct that they be counted manually, following as far as practicable the provisions governing the counting of paper ballots.
- (5) The receiving of, the opening of, and the preservation of the transfer boxes and their contents shall be the responsibility of the county clerk who shall provide adequate personnel and facilities to assure accurate and complete election results. Any indication of tampering with the ballots or ballot cards or other fraudulent action shall be immediately reported to the district attorney who shall immediately investigate such action and report in writing within ten days his findings to the county clerk and shall prosecute to the full extent of the law any person or persons responsible for such fraudulent action. The secretary of state shall issue such directives as may be necessary to implement or to clarify the procedures outlined for the conduct of elections when punch card electronic voting systems are used.

SECTION 14. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby

finds, determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.

John D. Vanderhoof PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE John D. Fuhr SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Comfort W. Shaw SECRETARY OF THE SENATE Lorraine F. Lombardi CHIEF CLERK OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

APPROVED

John A. Love GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF COLORADO 66.

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supervisor after the election for which such ballots, forms, or other election materials were to be used.

section 21. Sections 101.55, 101.56, 101.5602, 101.5603, 101.5604, 101.5605, 101.5606, 101.5607, 101.5608, 101.5609, 101.5611, 101.5612, 101.5613, 101.5614, 101.5615, 101.58, and 101.62, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

101.55 Certificate of results returns.-- In precincts where voting machines are used, certificates of results shall be printed to conform with the type of machines used, on a form approved by the Department of State. The designating number and letter on the counter for each candidate shall be printed next to the candidate's name on the certificate of the 66 result. The form of such certificate shall also provide for the entry of the total number of votes cast for each candidate 66 and upon each question. Thire of such certificates shall be made in each precinct, of which one shall be sent to the supervisor of the county, another sent to the chairman of the county canvassing board county-court-judge, and another publicly posted at the polling place in which the precinct is situated.

101.56 Locking macrine and-returning-irregular ballots. -- The election officers shall, as soon as the count is 6. completed and ascertained, lock the counter compartment of the 66. machine, and it shall so remain for a period not less than 10 days, unless another election is held within 3 weeks, in which |65. event the machine shall remain locked for 5 days, except in either event it may be opened by the canvassing board or by order of a court of competent jurisdiction. Whenever-irrequiar brliors-have-been-voted; otherelection-officers-shall-return auch-Failota-in a-amoured-pockage-endorsed-Mirrecalar-ballots* 3). And-return-And-file-such-package-with-the-original-statement

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1	of-the-result-of-the-election-made-by-thems-The-package-shall	
2	be-filed-for-6-months-succeeding-the-election;-and-not-opened	66
3	or-its-contents-examined-during-that-time-except-by-a-judge-of	66
4	a-court-lawfully-empowered-to-direct-the-package-to-be-opened	66
5	and-examined:-The-package-may-be-opened-at-the-end-of-6-months	66
. 4	and-the-ballats-disposed-of-at-the-discretion-of-the-official	
1	or-body-having-charge-of-them:	66
8	101.5602 PurposeThe purpose of this act is to	66
ģ	authorize the use of electronic and electromechanical voting	66
16	systems in which the voter records his vote in such a manner	66
11	by-means-of-marking-or-punching-a-ballot-or-one-or-more-ballot	66
12	cards-which-are-designed-so that votes may be counted by data	66
13	processing machines at one or more counting places.	66
14	101.5603 DefinitionsAs used in this act:	66
13	(1) "Automatic tabulating equipment" includes	66
14	apparatus necessary to automatically examine, and count, and	1:
17	record automatically votes as-designated-on-ballots-and-data	66
te	processing-machines-which-can-be-used-for-counting-ballots-and	66
19	tabulating-results.	66
A	(2)"Ballot-card"-means-a-ballot-which-is-voted-by-the	56
n	process-of-punching*	66
n	(3)Ballot-labels"-means-the-cards;-papers;-booklet;	67
n	pages;-or-other-material-containing-the-names-of-offices-and	
н	candidates-and-statements-of-measures-to-be-voted-on;	57
ħ	(2)(4) "Ballot" means the card, tape, or other vehicle	1:
K	upon which the elector's choices are recorded may include	57
3.	ballot-cards;-ballot-labels;-and-paper-ballots.	67
Ħ	(3) "Ballot information" means the material containing	67

voted on.

f5;--"Counting-location"-means-a-location-selected-by the-county-canvassing-board-for-the-automatic-processing-or counting,-or-both,-of-ballots:

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(6)--"Electronic-or-electromechanical-voting-system" means-a-system-of-casting-votes-by-use-of-marking-devices-and tabulating-ballots-employing-automatic-tabulating-equipment-or | 61 data-processing-equipment:

(4) (7) "Marking device" means either an approved apparatus in-which-ballots-or-ballot-eards-are-inserted-and used in-connection-with-a-punch-apparatus for the piercing of ballots by the voter or any approved device for marking a paper ballot with ink or other substance which will enable the [6] ballot to be tabulated by means of automatic tabulating equipment. The-hole-or-mark-made-by-a-marking-device-may-be-in [6] the-form-of-a-round-dot; -rectangle; -square; -or-any-other-shape that-will-clearly-indicate-the-intent-of-the-voter,

101.5604 Adoption of system; procurement of equipment: 6: commercial tabulations. -- The board of county commissioners of any county, at any regular meeting or a special meeting called 6; for the purpose, may, upon consultation with the supervisor of elections, adopt, purchase or otherwise procure, and provide for the use of any electronic or electromechanical voting system approved by the Department of State secretary-of-state in all or a portion of the election precincts of that county. Thereafter the electronic or electromechanical voting system may be used for voting at all elections for public and party offices and on all measures, and for receiving, registering, and counting the votes thereof in such election precincts as the governing body directs. Any such board may contract for the tabulation of votes at a location within the county when

If there is no suitable tabulating equipment available which is owned by the county.

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101.5605 Examination and approval of equipment by secretary-of-state.--

- (1) The Department of State secretary-of-state shall publicly examine all makes of electronic or electromechanical voting systems submitted to it him and determine whether the systems comply with the requirements of s. 101.5606.
- (2) Any person owning or interested in an electronic or electromechanical voting system may submit it to the б: Department of State secretary-of-state for examination. The vote counting segment shall be certified after a satisfactory evaluation testing has been performed according to electronic 67 67 industry standards. This testing shall include but not be 67 limited to the basic source program and its security; the ballot reader; the rote processor, especially in its logic and 67 memory components; the digital printer; the fail safe operations; counting center environmental requirements; and 67 equipment reliability estimate. For the purpose of assisting 67 in examining the system, the Department of State secretary-of 67. state may employ not more than three individuals who are expert in one or more fields of data processing, mechanical 67. engineering, and public administration, and shall require from 67. : 67∘ them a written report of their examination. The person submitting a system for approval or the board of county commissioners of any county seeking approval of a given system shall reimburse the Department of State in an amount equal to the actual costs incurred by the department in examining the system. Such reimbursement shall be made whether or not the 67. system is approved by the Department of State secretary-of 67. 1 state. Neither the Secretary of State nor any examiner shall

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(3) Within 30 days after completing the examination 68. and upon approval of any electronic or electromechanical 68. voting system, the Department of State secretary-of-state 68, shall make and maintain a file-in-his-office-his report on the system, together with a written or printed description and 68 drawings and photographs clearly identifying the system and 69 He the operation thereof. As soon as practicable after such 12 filing, the Department of State secretary-of-state shall send a notice of certification and, upon request, a copy of the report to the governing bodies of the respective counties of the state. Any voting system that does not receive the approval of the Department of State secretary-of-state shall not be adopted for or used at any election. After a voting system has been approved by the department secretary-of-state, any change or improvement in the system is required to must be 6 approved by the Department of State secretary-of-state prior to the adoption of such change or improvement by any county. However, the Department of State shall secretary-of-state-is 61 not required-to reexamine or reapprove the system in its 61 23 61 entirety.

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(4) No governing body shall purchase or cause to be 1: 66 purchased any certified voting system or equipment without 68 prior approval of the Department of State. The department, within 30 days of receipt of notice of intention to make such a purchase, shall reexamine the voting system or equipment to be purchased to insure that any changes made in the equipment Il or system since the most recent cortification of the equipment

	of this act. If
1	or system also comply with the requirements of this act. If
2	any of the changes do not comply with the requirements of this
3	act, the department shall suspend all sales of the equipment
	or system in the state until the equipment or system complies
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5	with the requirements of this act.
6	101.5606 Requirements for approval of systems No

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electronic or electromechanical voting system shall be approved by the Department of State secretary-of-state unless it is so constructed that:

- (1) It permits and requires voting in secrecy.
- (2) It permits each elector to vote at any election for all persons and offices for whom and for which he is lawfully entitled to vote, and no others; to vote for as many persons for an office as he is entitled to vote for; and to vote for or against any question upon which he is entitled to vote.
- (3) The automatic tabulating equipment may be set to 18 reject all votes for any office or measure when the number of votes therefor exceeds the number which the voter is entitled to cast or when the voter is not entitled to cast a vote for the office or measure.
 - (4) It is capable of correctly counting votes on ballots-or-ballot-cards-on-which-the-proper-number-of-votes have-been-marked-for-any-office-or-question-or-issue-that-has been-voted.
- (5) When used in primary elections, the automatic tabulating equipment will count only votes for the candidates of one party and will reject all votes for an office when the 68.5 number of votes therefor exceeds the number which the voter is entitled to cast and will reject all votes of a voter cast for 31 candidates of more than one party.

CODING: Words in struck through type are deletions from existing law; words underlined are additions.

(6) At presidential elections it permits each elector at-presidential-elections, by one operation punch-or-mark, to vote for all presidential electors of a party or independent candidate the-candidates-of-a-party for President and Vice President; - vice-president; - and-presidential-electors.

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- (7) It provides a method for write-in voting.
- (8) It is capable of accumulating a count of the specific number of ballots or-ballot-cards tallied for a precinct, accumulating total votes by candidate for each office, and accumulating total votes for and against each question and issue of the ballots or-ballot-cards tallied for a precinct.
- (9) It is capable of tallying votes from ballots or ballot-cards of different political parties from the same 15 precinct, in the case of a primary election.

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- [10] It is capable of automatically producing precinct [68] totals in either printed, marked, or punched form, or combination thereof.
- 101.5607 Department of State Secretary-of-state to prescribe rules and regulations. -- The Department of State 21 secretary-of-state shall prescribe rules and regulations to 22 achieve and maintain the maximum degree of correctness, impartiality, and efficiency of the procedures of voting, and of counting, tabulating, and recording votes, by the electronic or electromechanical voting systems and methods provided by this act.
- 101.5608 Paper balloting procedures to apply. -- So far as practicable applicable, the procedures for voting paper ballots as prescribed in this code ssa-40fr04f-through-404a264 69 30 | PrSr-4974 shall apply to procedures followed pursuant to this Ill act. The following procedures shall apply, however, and any

procedure prescribed for paper ballots which is made	69
impractical because of any of the following requirements may	65
be modified with approval of the Department of State to	
facilitate adherence to the following requirements:	6!
(1) After preparing his ballot, the elector shall	65
place his ballot in the secrecy envelope so as to cover the	65
ballot but leave the attached stub exposed.	
(2) The ballot shall have two stubs. Stub number one	65
shall have the ballot serial number on it. Stub number two	69
shall have the official title of the election and the name of	69
the county and state on it. On ballots to be used in the	
precincts, the ballot serial number shall also be on stub	69
number two. On absentee ballots, the ballot serial number may	69
be on stub number two, but shall be on stub number one.	69
[3] Ballots to be used in the precincts shall be	1:
assembled in pads so that stub number one will remain on the	69
ballot pad and stub number two will go with the ballot. On	69
absentee ballots, stub number one shall be retained by the	69
supervisor, and stub number two may be retained by the	69
supervisor or sent with the ballot.	
(4) The elector shall sign the signature slip, poll	69.
list, or ballot stub on which the ballot serial number may be	69.
recorded.	
(5) Absentee ballots shall be placed in the secrecy	69.
envelope before being placed in the mailing envelope on which	69.
the Voter's Certificate is printed.	69.
101.5609 Ballot requirements	69.
(1) The ballot information, whether placed on the	69.
ballot or on the marking device, shall, as far as practicable,	69.
be in the order of arrangement provided for paper ballots.	69.

Ballots for all questions or propositions to be voted on shall [1:]

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(2) When an electronic voting system utilizes ballot information a-ballot-label-bocklet-and-ballot-card,-ballots for candidates and all propositions to be voted upon, such may 69 be-placed-on-the-electronic-voting-device-by-providing-in-the ballot information may be provided with a booklet-separate ballot-label-pages-or series of pages distinguished by different colors. More than one public measure or proposition may be placed on the same ballot-label page or series of pages.

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- (3) In primary elections, a separate ballot information label booklet, marking device, and voting booth shall be used for each political party holding a primary, with the ballot information tabel booklet arranged to include ballot-label pages <u>listing</u> of the candidates of the party and public measures and other propositions to be voted upon on the day of the primary election. One ballot card may be used for recording the voter's vote er-choice on all such races ballots, proposals, public measures, or propositions, and such ballot card shall, if possible, be arranged so as to record the voter's vote or-choice in a separate column or columns for races, each-such kind-of ballot proposals preposal, public measures measure, or propositions proposition.
- (4) If the ballot information tabet booklet includes pages containing both candidates for office and pages containing public measures or propositions to be voted on, the election official in charge of the election shall divide the pages by protruding tabs identifying the division of the pages which relate to candidates, constitutional amendments, bond

referenda, or other propositions.	and-printing-on-such-tabs
"Candidates"-and-"Propositions;"	

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- (5) Voting squares may be placed in front of or in back of the names of candidates and statements of questions and shall be of such size as is compatible with the type of system used. Ballots and ballot information labels shall be printed in a size and style of type as plain and clear as the ballot spaces will reasonably permit. Tear-off stubs shall be of a size suitable for the ballots or-ballot-cards used and for the requirements of the marking device. The ballots or ballot-cards may contain special printed marks and holes as required for proper positioning and reading of the ballots by the automatic tabulating equipment. When ballots or-ballot cards are bound into pads, they may be bound at the top or bottom or at either side. In the case of the paper ballots, all offices and questions may be printed on the same sheet of paper.
- (6)--A-separate-write-in-ballot;-which-may-be-in-the form-of-a-paper-ballot;-card;-or-envelope-in-which-the-elector places-his-ballot-card-after-voting,-shall-be-provided-when necessary-to-permit-electors-to-write-in-the-names-of-persons whose-names-are-not-on-the-ballot:
- (6) (7) Absentee ballots may consist of ballot cards, envelopes, or and paper ballots voted in person in the office 70. of the election official in charge of the election or voted by mail. When a ballot card is used for voting by mail it shall must be accompanied by a marking device punching-tool, voter instructions, an envelope which will maintain the secrecy of a marked ballot, a mailing envelope, and a specimen ballot showing the proper positions to vote on the ballot card for 70 31 each party, candidate, proposal, public measure, or

[7] (8) Any voter who spoils his ballot or makes an error may return the ballot to the election officials and secure another, except that in no case shall a voter be furnished with more than three ballots. A spoiled ballot shall be preserved, without examination, in an envelope provided for that purpose. The stub shall be removed from the ballot and placed in an envelope separate from the ballot.

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101.5611 Instructions to electors Model-electronic voting-marking-device. --

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- (1) For the instruction of voters on election day, the supervisor of elections shall provide at each polling place one instruction model illustrating the manner of electronic 17 voting with the system marking-device. Each such instruction model shall show the arrangement of party rows, office columns, and questions to be voted on. Such model shall be located at a place which voters must pass to reach the official voting booth marking-device-used-in-the-actual casting-of-votes.
- (2) Before entering the voting booth each voter shall be offered instruction in voting the operation of the marking device by use of the instruction model, and the voter shall be 26 given ample opportunity to operate the model by himself. In instructing voters, no precinct official may show partiality to any political party or candidate. The-duties-of-instruction shall-be-discharged-by-en-inspector-from-each-of-the-political 70 parties-represented;-and-they-shall-alternate-serving-as Ill instructor-no-that-cach-inspector-shall-scrve-a-like-time-at

such-duties:-No-instructions-may-be-given-after-the-elector enters-the-voting-booth;

101.5612 Testing of tabulating equipment .--

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- (1) On any day not more than 10 days prior to the election day, the supervisor of elections shall have the automatic tabulating equipment tested to ascertain that the equipment will correctly count the votes cast for all offices and on all measures. Public notice of the time and place of the test shall be given at least 48 hours prior thereto by publication once in one or more newspapers of general circulation in published-within the county, or if there is no a newspaper of general circulation in the county is-published therein, or by posting such notice in at least four conspicuous places in the county. The canvassing board shall convene and each member of the canvassing board shall certify to the accuracy of the test. For the test, the canvassing board may designate one member to represent it. Each-member of-the-county-canvassing-board-established-by--sx-102x144 shall-attend-the-test: The test shall be open to representatives of the political parties, the press, and the public.
- (2) The test shall be conducted by processing a preaudited group of ballots so punched or marked as to record a predetermined number of valid votes for each candidate and on each measure and shall include for each office one or more ballots which have votes in excess of the number allowed by law in order to test the ability of the automatic tabulating equipment to reject such votes. If any error is detected, the cause therefor shall be ascertained and corrected and an errorless count shall be made before the automatic tabulating equipment is approved. The test shall be repeated immediately

before the start of the official count of the ballots in the same manner as set forth above. After the completion of the count the test shall be repeated. The programs used and ballots used shall be sealed and retained under the custody of the county canvassing board.

101.5613 Examination of equipment during voting.--A

member of the election board elects shall occasionally examine
the face of the voting machine and the ballot information
labels to determine that the machine and the ballot
information labels have not been damaged or tampered with.

101.5614 Canvass of returns .--

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- electromechanical voting system is used, as soon as the polls are closed, the election board shall secure the marking devices against further voting. They shall thereafter open the ballot box and count the number of voted ballots, unused ballots, and spoiled ballots to ascertain whether such or envelopes-containing-ballots-that-have-been-cast-to-determine that-the number of-ballots corresponds with the number of ballots issued by the supervisor voters-who-voted-as-shown-on the-poil-lists. If there is a difference, this fact shall be reported in writing to the county canvassing board with the reasons therefor if known. The total number of voted ballots voters shall be entered on the forms provided.
- (2) (a) If the ballots are to be tallied at a central

 location, ballot-cards-are-used, and-separate-write-in-ballots
 or-envelopes-for-casting-write-in-votes-are-used, all-write-in
 ballots-or-envelopes-on-which-write-in-votes-have-been-cast
 shall-be-serially-numbered, starting-with-the-number-one, and
 the-same-number-shall-be-placed-on-the-ballot-card-of-the

 voters

the election board shall place all ballots that
have been cast in the container provided for the purpose,
which shall be sealed and delivered forthwith to the central
counting location or other designated location by two
inspectors who shall not, whenever possible, be of the same
political party, together with the unused, void, and defective
ballots. The elerk-of-the election board shall certify under
oath that the ballots were placed in such container and the
container was sealed in its his presence and under its his
supervision, and it he shall further certify under-oath to the
number of ballots of each type placed in the container.

guch ballots shall be counted pursuant to rules adopted by the Department of State, which rules shall provide safeguards which conform as nearly as practicable to the safeguards provided in the procedures prescribed in paragraph (a) for the counting of votes at a central location.

18 (3) (4) All proceedings at the central counting
19 location shall be under the direction of the county canvassing
20 board, under-the-observation-of-at-least-two-election
21 inspectors-who-shall-not-be-of-the-same-political-party; and
22 shall be open to the public, but no persons except those
23 employed and authorized for the purpose shall touch any ballot
24 or ballot container, any item of automatic tabulating
25 equipment, or any return prior to its release.

(5)(a)--For-each-ballot-or-ballot-and-ballot-envelope
on-which-write-in-votes-have-been-cast; the-canvassing-board
shall-compare-the-write-in-votes-with-the-votes-cast-on-the
ballot-card; and-if-the-total-number-of-votes-for-any-office
exceeds-the-number-allowed-by-law; a-notation-to-that-effect;
specifying-the-office-involved; shall-be-entered-on-the-back

of-the-ballot-card;-or-on-a-margin-if-voting-areas-are-printed on-both-sides-of-the-ballot-card;-Such-votes-shall-not-be 72 countedy-hll-other-valid-votes;-both-write-ins-and-those 72 otherwise-cast; - on-the-remainder-of-the-ballot-shall-be 72 72 tallied-by-the-canvassing-board-on-a-form-provided-for-the 72 purpose,-and-the-ballot-shall-be-placed-in-an-envelope-marked "defective-ballots."-whe-totals-for-all-such-ballots-shall-be added-to-the-totals-for-the-respective-precincts--If-paper 72 72 ballots-are-used;-the-canvassing-board-shall;-before-counting 72 the-write-in-votes,-compare-the-write-in-votes-with-the-votes cast-cisewhere-on-the-balloty-if-the-total-number-of-votes-for any-office-involving-write-in-votes-exceeds-the-number-allowed 72. by-law,-a-notation-to-that-effect-shall-be-entered-on-the-back of-the-ballot;-specifying-the-office-involved;-and-all-such 72. votes-shall-not-be-counted,-All-other-valid-votes,-both-write-72. in-and-marked;-on-the-rest-of-the-bailot-shall-be-tallied-by 72. the-canvassing-board-on-a-form-provided-for-the-purpose;-and 72. the-ballot-shall-then-be-placed-in-an-envelope-marked "defective-ballots;"-The-totals-for-all-such-ballots-shall-be 72 added-to-the-totals-of-the-respective-precincts:-So-far-as 72 applicable, - provisions-of-this-code-relating-to-defective 72 paper-hallots-shall-apply: [4] (b) If any ballot card of the type for which the 1: offices and measures are not printed directly on the card is 72 damaged or defective so that it cannot properly be counted by 7: the automatic tabulating equipment, a true duplicate copy shall be made of the damaged ballot card in the presence of witnesses and substituted for the damaged ballot. Likewise, a

serial number which shall be recorded on the damaged or defective ballot card, and be counted in licu of the damaged or defective ballot. If any ballot card of the type for which offices and measures are printed directly on the card is damaged or defective so that it cannot properly be counted by the automatic tabulating equipment, a true duplicate copy may be made of the damaged ballot card in the presence of witnesses and in the manner set forth above, or the valid votes on the damaged ballot card may be manually counted at the counting center by the canvassing board, whichever procedure is best suited to the system used. If any paper ballot is damaged or defective so that it cannot be counted properly by the automatic tabulating equipment, the ballot shall be counted manually at the counting center by the canvassing board. The totals for all such ballots or ballot cards counted manually shall be added to the totals for the several precincts or election districts. No vote shall be declared invalid or void if there is a clear indication of the intent of the voter as determined by the canvassing board. After duplicating a ballot, the defective ballot shall be placed in an envelope provided for that purpose, and the duplicate ballot shall be tallied with the other ballots for that precinct.

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(5)(6) Absentee ballots may be counted by automatic tabulating equipment if they have been punched or marked in a manner which will enable them to be properly counted by such equipment.

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(6) (7) The return printed by the automatic tabulating equipment, to which has been added the return of write-in; absentee, and manually counted votes, shall constitute the official return of the each-precinct-or election district.

duplicate ballot card shall be made of a defective ballot

which shall not include the invalid votes. All duplicate

31 ballot cards shall be clearly labeled "duplicate," bear a

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Upon completion of the count, the returns shall be open to the public. A copy of the returns may shall be posted at the central counting place or at the office of the supervisor of elections in lieu of the posting of returns at individual precincts.

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72. 101.5615 Recounts and election contests.--Except as herein provided, recounts and election contests shall be 72. conducted as otherwise provided for in this the-election code. 72. The automatic tabulating equipment shall be tested prior to 72. the recount or election contest, as provided in s. 101.5612 73. 73. and then the official ballots or ballot cards shall be recounted on the automatic tabulating equipment. Each duplicate ballot shall be compared with the original ballot to insure the correctness of the duplicate. In-addition; -the ballow-or-ballow-cards-shall-be-checked-for-the-presence-or absence-of-inspectors -- initials-and-other-distinguishing marks;-the-ballots-marked-rejected;-defective;-objected-to; 73 and-absentee-ballots-shall-be-examined-to-determine-the propriety-of-such-labels;-and-the-duplicate-absentee-ballots; 73 duplicate-overvoted-ballots; and-duplicate-damaged-ballots shall-be-compared-with-their-respective-originals-to-determine the-correctness-of-the-duplicates.

101.58 Supervising and observing registration and election processes.--The Department of State may, at any time 73. it deems fit or upon the petition of 5 percent of the registered electors, or upon the petition of any candidate, 73. county executive committee chairman, state committeeman or committeewoman or state executive committee chairman, appoint 73. 73. one or more deputies whose duties shall be to observe and 73. examine the registration and election processes and the 31 condition, custody, and operation of voting machines in any 173.

county or municipality. The deputy shall have access to all registration books and records as well as any other records or 73. 1:1 procedures relating to the voting election process. The deputy 73. shall supervise preparation of the election machines and procedures for election, and it shall be unlawful for any 73. person to obstruct the deputy in the performance of his duty. 73. He shall file with the Department of State a certificate that 73. he personally examined the voting machines and with such 73. certificate file a report of his findings and observations of the registration and election processes in the county or municipality, and a copy of the certificate and report shall 73. 73. also be filed with the Clerk of the Circuit Court of said county. The compensation of such deputies shall be fixed by 73 the Department of State; and costs incurred under this section shall be paid from the annual operating appropriation made to 73 73 the Department of State. 73

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101.62 Request for absentee ballots; application; time;-form. --

73 (1) An absent elector may request from make application-to the supervisor of elections or his deputy for 73 73 an absentee ballot during the 1-year period preceding an election at-any-permanent-registration-office-maintained-by 73 the-supervisor-for-the-purpose-of-registering-electors. The 1: supervisor may accept a request for an absentee ballot for an 73 elector from any person designated by such elector. A supervisor-may-accept-an-application-obtained-from-a supervisor-of-a-county-other-than-that-in-which-the-applicant is-registered-provided-the-application-bears-the-signature-and 73. official-seal-of-the-officer-issuing-such-absentee 73. application: Such request application may be made by-the registered-voter-either in person, or by mail, or by telephone 173

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(2) If a request for an absentee ballot is received, 73.1 73. after the Friday before the election, by the supervisor of elections from an absent elector overseas, the supervisor 73. shall send a notice to the elector acknowledging receipt of his request and notifying the elector that the ballot will not be forwarded due to insufficient time for return of the ballot by the required deadline. The-application-blank-shall-be-sent 73. immediately-by-mail-or-delivered-by-hand-in-the-office-of-the 73. supervisor-or-in-any-permanent-branch-office-thereof;-or-may 73. 73. be-delivered-by-hand-by-the-supervisor-or-any-authorized deputy-at-any-other-location-within-the-county;-to-the-absent 73. elector:-Before-mailing-or-delivering-such-application;-the supervisor-shall-fill-in-the-precinct-in-which-the-voter-is 73. 74. registered-in-the-space-provided-on-the-application-for-this 74. purpose--When-there-is-insufficient-time-for-the-elector-to 74. return-the-application; - receive-and-vote-his-ballot; - and 74.1 return-the-ballot-to-the-supervisor-by-7-pama-on-the-day-of the-election;-a-telephoned-or-written-request-may-be-accepted as-an-application-if-the-necessary-information-is-submitted-to 7 identify-adequately-the-elector-making-request-for-his-ballot; 74. 70. and-the-supervisor-may-mail-or-deliver-by-hand-the-application 79. and-ballot-at-the-same-time;-However;-no-application-for-an

	absentee-bailot-shall-be-issued-after-5-p+m+-on-the-day	71
	preceding-such-election;	
	(3) Upon receipt of a request for an absentee ballot,	7
	the supervisor shall record the date the request is made, the	7
	date the absentee ballot was delivered or mailed, the date the	7
	ballot was received by the supervisor, and such other	
	information he may deem necessary. The-application-blank	7
	shell-be-in-substantially-the-following-form-and-signed-by-the	7
	applicant:-	1
	APPLICATION-FOR-ABSENT	1
	ELECTOR S-PALLOT	1:
	Iz-vvvvduly-qualified-and-registered-as-a-vvv(party)-vv	74
l	elector-of-the-star-precinct-of-the-County-of-tatt-and-State	74
	of-Płorida;-coming-within-the-purview-of-the-definition	
	absent-elector-because-{check-nppropriate-reason}:	1:
	taI-am-disabled-and-unable;-without-the-assistance-of	74
	another;-to-attend-the-polls-on-election-day:	74
	231-am-a-permanent-resident-of-the-county-and-will-be	74.
	absent-from-the-county-during-the-entire-period-the-polis-are	74.
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	open: 3	70.
	tenets-of-my-religion:	74.
	tenets-of-my fortdrone tenets-of-elections-or-deputy	74.
	supervisor-of-elections;-a-poll-worker-or-voting-macking	74.
	deputy;-or-deputy-sheriff-who-is-assigned-to-a-different	
	precinct-than-that-in-which-i-am-registered-to-woter	74.
	precinct-than-enac-in-white-i-ma-registering to	74.
		74.
	Plorida-within-#5-days-of-the-election-for-which-i-am	

requesting-a-ballot:-I-understand-that-I-um-allowed-to-vote